Hearing Date: November 30, 2011 at 10:00 a.m.

David R. Hurst, Esq. Young Conaway Stargatt & Taylor, LLP 1270 Avenue of the Americas Suite 2210 New York, New York 10020

Tel: (212) 332-8840 Fax: (212) 332-8855 dhurst@ycst.com

Counsel for Nikesh Daryani, Neelam Daryani, Parasram Daryani and Vikas Daryani

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

In re: : Chapter 11

LEHMAN BROTHERS HOLDINGS INC., et al., : Case No. 08-13555 (JMP)

Debtors. : (Jointly Administered)

•

RESPONSE OF NIKESH DARYANI, NEELAM DARYANI, PARASRAM DARYANI AND VIKAS DARYANI TO THE DEBTORS' TWO HUNDRED FOURTEENTH OMNIBUS OBJECTION TO CLAIMS

TO THE HONORABLE JAMES M. PECK UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY JUDGE:

Nikesh Daryani, Neelam Daryani, Parasram Daryani and Vikas Daryani (the "<u>Daryanis</u>"), by and through their undersigned counsel, hereby respond to the Debtors' Two Hundred Fourteenth Omnibus Objection to Claims (Docket No. 20103) (the "<u>Objection</u>"), and respectfully represent as follows:

JURISDICTION

1. The Court has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 157 and 1334. Venue is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1408 and 1409. This matter is a core proceeding pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 157(b)(2)(A). The statutory predicate for the relief requested

01: 11607396.2 070787.1001

herein is section 502(b) of title 11 of the United States Code (as amended, the "Bankruptcy Code").

BACKGROUND

- 2. Beginning on September 15, 2008 (the "<u>Petition Date</u>") and periodically thereafter, Lehman Brothers Holdings Inc. ("<u>LBHI</u>") and the other debtors and debtors-in-possession in the above-captioned cases (collectively, the "<u>Debtors</u>") filed with this Court voluntary cases under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 3. On or about October 6, 2009, the Daryanis timely filed two proofs of claim (Claim Nos. 36634, 36639) in the aggregate amount of \$1.1 million (plus unliquidated and/or undetermined amounts) (the "October 6 Claims").
- 4. Then, on October 30, 2009, UBS AG timely filed a proof of claim (Claim No. 59233) in its name for the benefit of various beneficial holders, including the Daryanis.

 UBS AG recently transferred the Daryanis' portion of this claim in the amount of \$1 million to the Daryanis (the "October 30 Claim" and, collectively with the October 6 Claims, the "Claims"), and the Daryanis now appear on the Debtors' claim register as the record holder of such claim.
- 5. The Claims arose under a guarantee (the "<u>Guarantee</u>") issued by LBHI to the Daryanis and other similarly-situated holders (collectively, the "<u>Holders</u>") of certain securities issued by non-Debtor Lehman Brothers UK Capital Funding V L.P. The prospectus for such securities (the "<u>Prospectus</u>") is attached to the Objection as Exhibit C.¹

The Prospectus contains the terms of the LBHI Guarantee "substantially in the form to be executed by LBHI." See Prospectus at page 33.

6. On or about September 16, 2011, the Debtors filed their Objection, thereby seeking to disallow and expunge the Claims or, in the alternative, reclassify the claims as equity interests.

RELIEF REQUESTED

7. The Daryanis hereby request that the Court overrule the Objection and allow their Claims in the amounts set forth in their proofs of claim.

BASIS FOR RELIEF REQUESTED

8. The Debtors' Objection first seeks to disallow and expunge the Claims because the Guarantee that forms the basis for the Claims expired during the Debtors' chapter 11 cases. In the alternative, the Debtors seek to reclassify the Claims as equity interests based on their misreading of the Guarantee. As detailed below, both of the Debtors' arguments fail when scrutinized.

A. The Claims Should Not Be Disallowed And Expunged

- 9. The Debtors initially argue that they have no liability to the Daryanis and the other Holders because the Guarantee purportedly terminated during the chapter 11 cases. *See* Objection at ¶ 10. However, section 502(b) of the Bankruptcy Code provides that, except under certain limited circumstances that are not applicable here, the amount of a claim is determined on the chapter 11 petition date:
 - (b) Except as provided in subsections (e)(2), (f), (g), (h) and (i) of this section, if such objection to a claim is made, the court, after notice and a hearing, shall determine the amount of such claim in lawful currency of the United States as of the date of the filing of the petition, and shall allow such claim in such amount

11 U.S.C. § 502(b) (emphasis added).

- 10. Here, the Debtors do not dispute that the Guarantee was in place on the Petition Date. Indeed, even under the Debtors' view of events, the Guarantee did not terminate until May 2011. See Objection at ¶ 10.
- 11. Accordingly, the Debtors' argument that they have no liability to the Holders because the Guarantee purportedly terminated in 2011 fails under the plain language of section 502(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

B. The Claims Should Not Be Reclassified As Equity Interests

12. By its terms, the Guarantee is an unsecured obligation of LBHI that ranks (i) junior to subordinated liabilities of LBHI, (ii) *pari passu* with "Parity Securities," if any, and (iii) senior to LBHI's common stock:

Subject to applicable law, LBHI agrees that its obligations hereunder constitute unsecured obligations of LBHI subordinate in right of payment to Senior Creditors and will at all times rank:

- (a) junior to all subordinated liabilities of LBHI (in each case other than any liability of LBHI which is referred to in (b) or (c) below and any other liability expressed to rank pari passu with or junior to this Subordinated Guarantee) (the Senior Creditors);
- (b) pari passu with Parity Securities, if any, issued by LBHI and any guarantee or support agreement of LBHI ranking pari passu with this Subordinated Guarantee and issued in respect of Parity Securities issued by the Issuer or any Subsidiary; and
- (c) senior to the Junior Share Capital of LBHI.²

Guarantee § 2.9.

² "Junior Share Capital" is defined to mean "LBHI's common stock, together with any other securities or obligations of LBHI expressed to rank junior to this Subordinated Guarantee and the Parity Securities." Guarantee § 1.

- cumulative preferred stock, non-cumulative preferred securities or other securities issued directly by LBHI and ranking pari passu with LBHI's obligations under the Guarantee.³ Thus, "Parity Securities" does not simply mean any preferred stock issued by LBHI, but rather means only preferred stock or other securities issued by LBHI and ranking pari passu with LBHI's obligations under the Guarantee. In other words, LBHI's obligations under the Guarantee rank pari passu with Parity Securities, but Parity Securities are only those securities that rank pari passu with LBHI's obligations under the Guarantee. If these circular provisions mean anything, it is that LBHI's obligations under the Guarantee—and therefore the Daryanis' Claims—rank pari passu with some hypothetical securities which may or may not exist in LBHI's capital structure. If these Parity Securities exist and can be identified, the terms of these securities will determine where the Daryanis' Claims fall in LBHI's capital structure—whether that is above, below or at the same level as other preferred stock issued by LBHI.
- of the Guarantee effectively provides only that LBHI's obligations under the Guarantee are unsecured obligations that are junior to the subordinated liabilities of LBHI and senior to its common stock. However, absent an explicit subordination provision, the Daryanis' Claims—which arise from a contractual guarantee and do not represent an ownership interest—presumably would rank above any preferred shares issued by LBHI. In short, the language of the Guarantee suggests that the Claims are not properly classified as equity—but rather should be

5 01: 11607396.2 070787.1001

See Guarantee § 1 ("Parity Securities means any non-cumulative preferred stock, non-cumulative preferred securities (other than the Preferred Securities) or other securities either (a) issued directly by LBHI and ranking pari passu with LBHI's obligations under this Subordinated Guarantee or (b) issued by the Issuer or any Subsidiary or other entity and entitled to the benefit of this Subordinated Guarantee or benefiting from any other guarantee or support agreement from LBHI ranking pari passu with this Subordinated Guarantee.")

classified as subordinated claims. Accordingly, the Daryanis submit that the requested reclassification of their Claims is improper and should be denied.

C. The Documentation Supporting The Claim Objection Is Inadequate

Debtors have filed only the form of guarantee attached to the Prospectus—and not the actual executed guarantee. Although the actual guarantee may mirror the form of guarantee attached to the Objection, the Debtors should be required to produce the actual guarantee before so dramatically affecting the property interests of the Daryanis and other Holders. Indeed, absent production of the executed guarantee, the Daryanis submit that the Debtors have failed to provide evidence sufficient to overcome the presumed validity of the Daryanis' claims under Fed. R. Bankr. P. 3001(f).

JOINDER

16. To the extent not inconsistent with this Response, the Daryanis hereby join in the responses to the Objection filed by other Holders, including without limitation the response filed by Banque Populaire Côte D'Azur (Docket No. 22304).

RESERVATION OF RIGHTS

17. The Daryanis reserve any and all applicable rights at law and equity, all claims and all defenses, including without limitation the right to discovery in connection with the Objection and the right to amend or supplement this Response.

CONCLUSION

18. For all of the above-stated reasons, the Daryanis respectfully request that the Court overrule the Objection and allow their claims in the amounts set forth in their proofs of claim.

Dated: New York, New York November 22, 2011

YOUNG CONAWAY STARGATT & TAYLOR, LLP

David R. Hurst, Esq.

1270 Avenue of the Americas

Suite 2210

New York, New York 10020

Counsel for Nikesh Daryani, Neelam Daryani, Parasram Daryani and Vikas Daryani